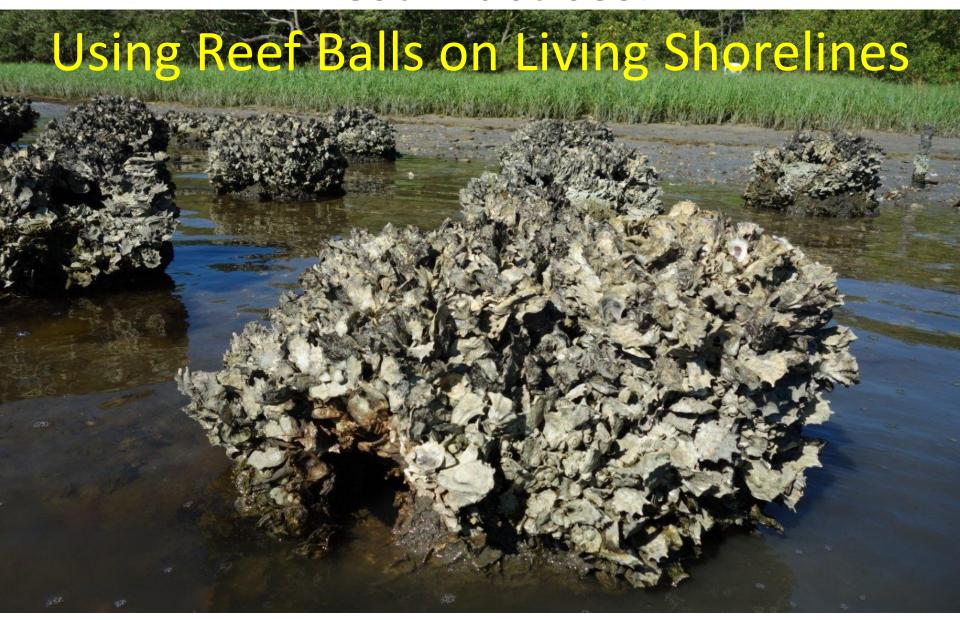
Best Practices:



Jim McFarlane Larry Beggs

Living Shorelines with Reef Balls

- Why
- Aesthetic
- Research summary
- Planning
- Oyster Breakwater
- Not Just Oysters... EFH ...
- Existing Bulkheads
- Homeowners contributions
- Deployment
- Video



The Reef Ball

Complexity of a reef structure





- Surface Area
- Surface Texture
- Curved Design
- Concave openings
- Inert
- Low Center of Gravity
- Wave Attenuation
- Water flows
- Relief
- Stays put

Natural Looking Shoreline





Morris Landing



Aesthetics - Shoreline with Reef Balls (2016) Audubon Bird Isl.



Oyster Research

 Comparisons to other structures since 1990 research has show more oysters on Reef Balls...

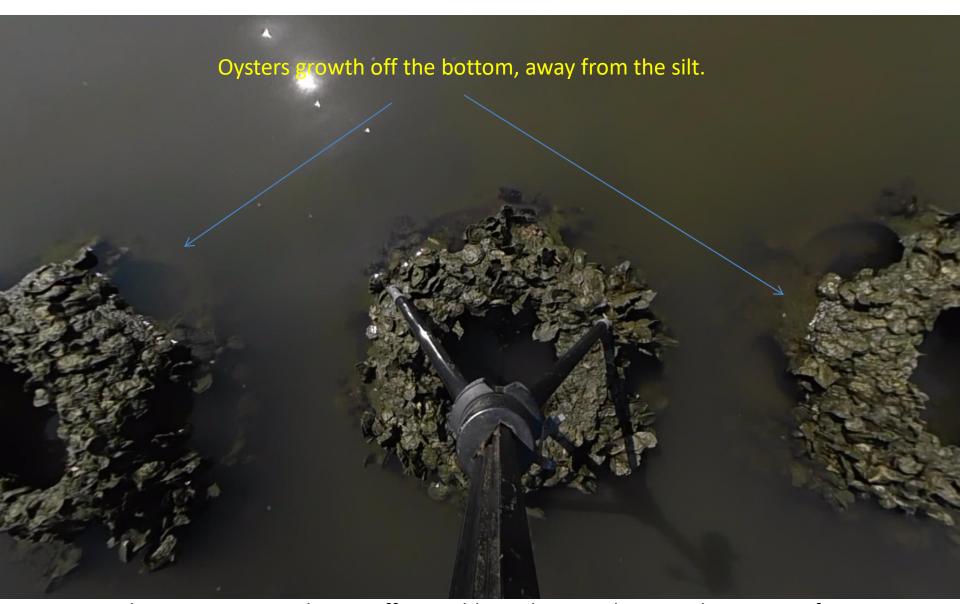
Historic Surveys show tremendous success on

Reef Balls





Relief Morris Landing, NC (2016)



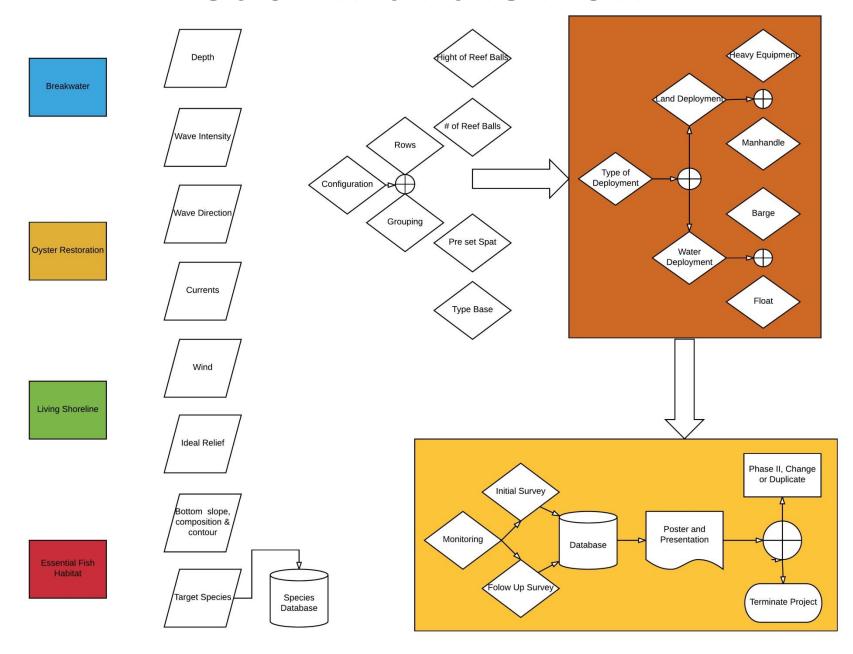
Water is clear, prior to ICW boat traffic. Add Breakwater closer to the source of waves.

Bird Island Phase I (year 4) 2016



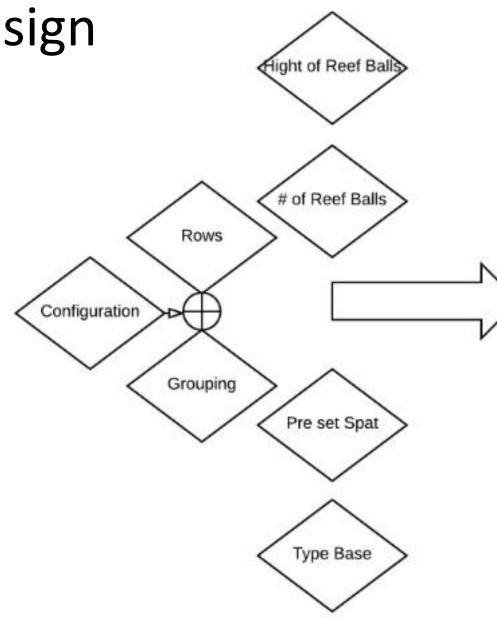


Stick with the Flow



Design

- Concave = ends further from shoreline
- Convex = center further from shoreline
- Straight
- Groupings arcs, ovals, staggered
- Micro habitat 1 Reef Ball to multiples
- Depth 1 – 5 rows
- Sizes vary, highest in center or toward shore.

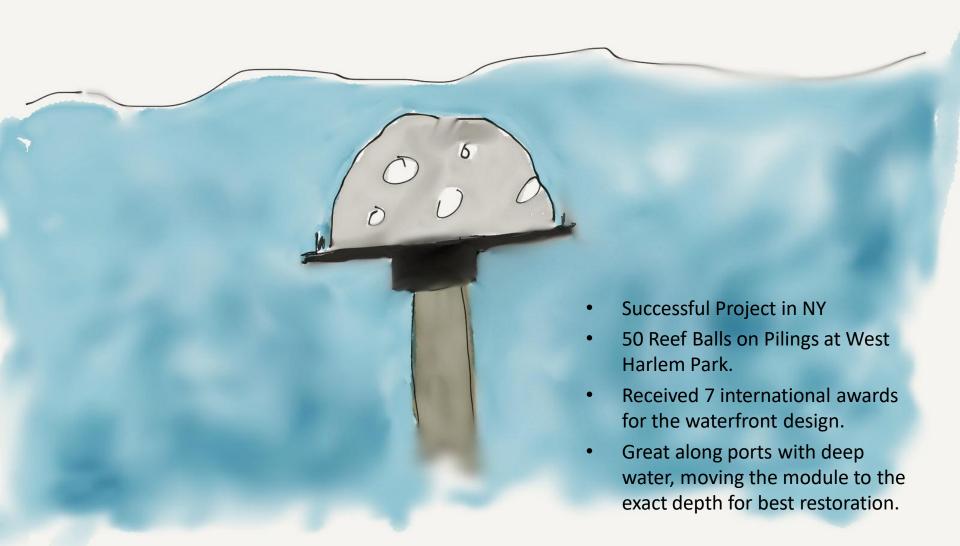


Ideal Oyster Dome

- Add loose shell with spat to the inside and around the Reef Balls
- Place Reef Balls in a tank till they collect spat , then deploy.
- Jamaica Bay New York, excited about natural spat year two.



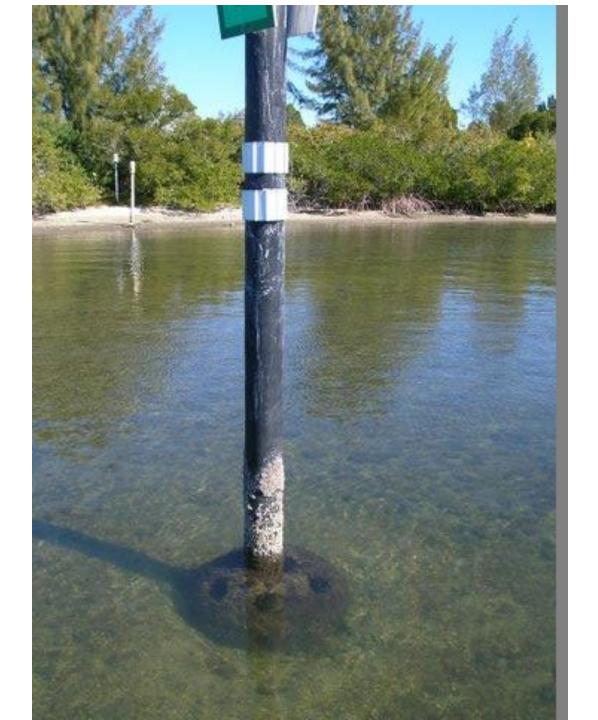
Reef Ball on Piling



Reef Balls on and around Pilings



Piling Micro-Habitat

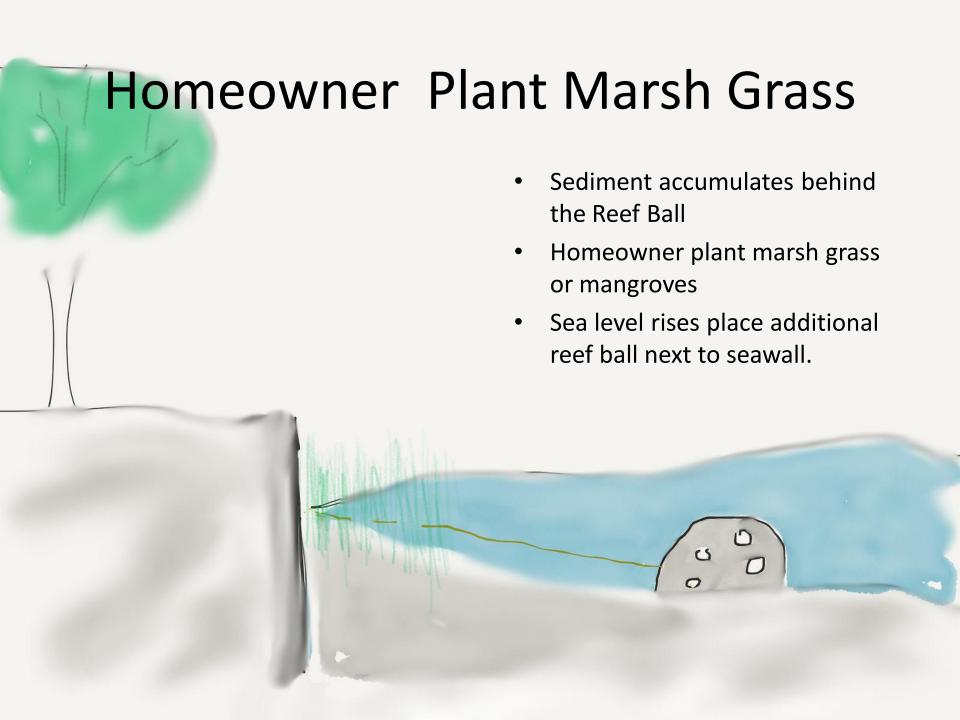


Bayshore Blvd. Tampa, FL (2016 survey)











Deployment Drop and Roll





Deployment with Flotation Ball



Fantasy Isl. Tampa Bay (2016)



Tampa Baywatch Fantasy Island 2016



Bird Island / Blue Crab



ASK LARRY

- VP Reef Ball Foundation
- President of Reef Innovations
- Over, 23 years building and deploying in all kinds of ecosystems around the world.